## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

Docket No.: CDSI-P01-041

- 1. (Currently Amended) A sustained release drug device adapted for implantation in or adjacent to the eye of a patient, the drug delivery device comprising:
- (i) an inner drug core comprising an adrenergic agent and a matrix material wherein said adrenergic agent is admixed in the matrix material to inhibit or prevent decomposition of the adrenergic agent;
- (ii) a first coating on the surface of the drug core, that is substantially impermeable to the passage of the adrenergic agent, having one or more openings therein which permit diffusion of the adrenergic agent, and which is substantially insoluble and inert in body fluids and compatible with body tissues; and
- (iii) one or more additional coatings that are permeable to the passage of the adrenergic agent, are substantially insoluble and inert in body fluids and compatible with body tissues and comprise an adrenergic agent that is the same or different as the adrenergic agent of the inner drug core;
- wherein the first and additional coatings are disposed about the inner drug core so as to produce, when implanted, a substantially constant rate of release of the adrenergic agent from the device; and

the first coating is stable during the release period.

- 2. (Currently Amended) A sustained release drug device adapted for implantation in or adjacent to the eye of a patient, the drug delivery device comprising:
- an inner drug core comprising an adrenergic agent and a matrix material wherein said adrenergic agent is admixed in the matrix material to inhibit or prevent decomposition of the adrenergic agent;
- (ii) a first coating on the surface of the drug core, that is substantially impermeable to the passage of the adrenergic agent, having one or more openings therein which permit diffusion of the adrenergic agent, and which is substantially insoluble and inert in body fluids and compatible with body tissues; and

(iii) one or more additional coatings that are permeable to the passage of the adrenergic agent, and which are substantially insoluble and inert in body fluids and compatible with body tissues and comprise an adrenergic agent that is the same or different as the adrenergic agent of the inner drug core;

wherein the impermeable <u>first</u> coating has sufficient dimensional stability to be filled with an adrenergic agent core without changing its shape; <u>and</u> the <u>first</u> coating is stable during the release period.

- 3. (Currently Amended) The device of claim 1, wherein the <u>impermeable first</u> coating has sufficient dimensional stability to be filled with an adrenergic agent core without changing its shape.
- 4. (Withdrawn) A method for administering an adrenergic agent to the ciliary body of an eye, the method comprising implanting a sustained-release device in or adjacent to the eye, whereby the device delivers the adrenergic agent to the ciliary body of the eye, wherein the adrenergic agent concentration in the ciliary body is maintained at a therapeutically effective concentration for a period of at least 30 days.
- 5. (Withdrawn) A method for administering an adrenergic agent to the ciliary body of an eye, the method comprising implanting a sustained-release device according to any one of claims 1 3 or claim 14 in or adjacent to the eye, whereby the device delivers the adrenergic agent to the ciliary body of the eye, wherein the adrenergic agent concentration in the ciliary body is maintained at a therapeutically effective concentration for a period of at least 30 days.
- 6. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 4, wherein the adrenergic agent concentration in the ciliary body is maintained at a therapeutically effective concentration for a period of at least 180 days.

Docket No.: CDSI-P01-041

7. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 5, wherein the adrenergic agent concentration in the ciliary body is maintained at a therapeutically effective concentration for a period of at least 180 days.

- 8. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 4, wherein the adrenergic agent concentration in the ciliary body is maintained at a therapeutically effective concentration for a period of at least 360 days.
- 9. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 5, wherein the adrenergic agent concentration in the ciliary body is maintained at a therapeutically effective concentration for a period of at least 360 days.
- 10. (Previously Presented) The device according to any one of claims 1-3 or 14, wherein the adrenergic agent is selected from brimonidine, apraclonidine, bunazosin, timolol, betaxolol, levobetaxolol, levobunalol, carteolol, isoprenaline, fenoterol, metipranolol, clenbuterol, epinephrine, and dipivefrin.
- 11. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 5, wherein the adrenergic agent is selected from brimonidine, apraclonidine, bunazosin, timolol, betaxolol, levobetaxolol, levobunalol, carteolol, isoprenaline, fenoterol, metipranolol, clenbuterol, epinephrine, and dipivefrin.
- 12. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 7, wherein the adrenergic agent is selected from brimonidine, apraclonidine, bunazosin, timolol, betaxolol, levobetaxolol, levobunalol, carteolol, isoprenaline, fenoterol, metipranolol, clenbuterol, epinephrine, and dipivefrin.
- 13. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 9, wherein the adrenergic agent is selected from brimonidine, apraclonidine, bunazosin, timolol, betaxolol, levobetaxolol, levobunalol, carteolol, isoprenaline, fenoterol, metipranolol, clenbuterol, epinephrine, and dipivefrin.

Application No. 10/762,439 Docket No.: CDSI-P01-041

Amendment dated June 19, 2009

Reply to Office Action of March 20, 2009

14. (Currently Amended) A sustained release drug delivery device adapted for insertion

in or adjacent to the eye of a patient, the drug delivery device comprising:

(i) an inner drug core comprising at least one adrenergic agent and a matrix material wherein

said adrenergic agent is admixed in the matrix material to inhibit or prevent decomposition

of the adrenergic agent;

(ii) a coating layer on the surface of the drug core that is partially or substantially impermeable

to the passage of the at least one adrenergic agent, having one or more openings therein

which permit diffusion of the adrenergic agent(s), and that is substantially insoluble and

inert in body fluids and compatible with body tissues; and comprises an adrenergic agent

that is the same or different as the adrenergic agent of the inner drug core;

wherein the coating is disposed about the inner drug core so as to produce, when inserted a

substantially constant rate of release of the adrenergic agent(s) from the device; and

the coating is stable during the release period.

15-16. (Cancelled)

17. (Original) The sustained release drug delivery device of claim 14, wherein the device

is formed by co-extruding the inner drug core and the coating layer.

18. (Currently Amended) A sustained release drug delivery device adapted for insertion

in or adjacent to the eye of a patient, the drug delivery device comprising:

(i) an inner drug core comprising at least one adrenergic agent and a matrix material wherein

said adrenergic agent is admixed in the matrix material to inhibit or prevent decomposition

of the adrenergic agent;

(ii) a coating layer on the surface of the drug core that is partially or substantially permeable to

the passage of the at least one adrenergic agent, having one or more openings therein which

aid diffusion of the at least one adrenergic agent, and that is substantially insoluble and inert

in body fluids and compatible with body tissues; and comprises an adrenergic agent that is

the same or different as the adrenergic agent of the inner drug core;

5

Application No. 10/762,439 Amendment dated June 19, 2009 Reply to Office Action of March 20, 2009 Docket No.: CDSI-P01-041

wherein the coating is disposed about the inner drug core so as to produce, when inserted, a substantially constant rate of release of the at least one adrenergic agent from the device; and the coating is stable during the release period.

19-20. (Cancelled)

21. (Currently Amended) The sustained release drug delivery device of claim 2018, wherein the device is formed by co-extruding the inner drug core and the coating layer.